

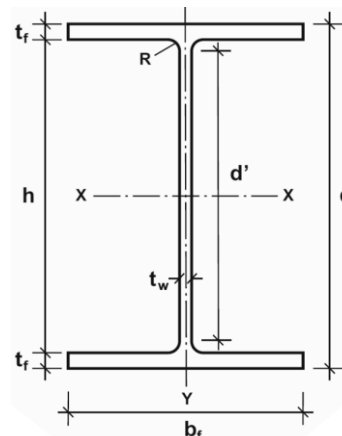
Questão – Encontre a maior força de compressão, $N_{c,Rd}$, em ELU que a coluna biarticulada (adote $k_x=k_y=k_z=1,0$) de comprimento $L=300$ cm poder suportar, sem enrijecedores transversais, escolhendo o perfil Gerdaul laminado W150x13,0 kg/m. Adote aço com as seguintes propriedades mecânicas: $f_y=25,0$ kN/cm², $E=20000$ kN/cm² e $G=7700$ kN/cm². Caso o perfil escolhido não atenda a condição de segurança, qual seria o próximo perfil de menor massa linear para atender?

TABELA DE BITOLAS

BITOLA mm x kg/m	Massa Linear kg/m	d mm	b _f mm	ESPESSURA		h mm	d' mm	Área cm ²	EIXO X - X				EIXO Y - Y				r _x cm	I _x cm ⁴	W _x cm ³	r _y cm	Z _x cm ³	ESBELTEZ		C _w cm ⁶	u m ² /m	BITOLA in x lb/ft
				t _f mm	t _w mm				I _y cm ⁴	W _y cm ³	r _x cm	Z _y cm ³	MESA-λ _y b _f /2t _f	ALMA-λ _x d'/t _w												
W 150 x 13,0	13,0	148	100	4,3	4,9	138	118	16,6	635	85,8	6,18	96,4	82	16,4	2,22	25,5	2,60	1,72	10,20	27,49	4.181	0,67	W 6 x 8,5			

$A_g = 16,60$ cm²
 $I_x = 635,0$ cm⁴
 $r_x = 6,18$ cm
 $I_y = 82$ cm⁴
 $r_y = 2,22$ cm
 $I_t = 1,72$ cm⁴
 $C_w = 4181,0$ cm⁶
 $d' = 11,80$ cm
 $t_w = 0,43$ cm
 $b_f = 10,00$ cm
 $t_f = 0,49$ cm

$L = 300$ cm
 $E = 20000$ kN/cm²
 $G = 7700$ kN/cm²
 $k_x = k_y = k_z = 1,0$
 $f_y = 25$ kN/cm²
 $\gamma_{al} = 1,10$



	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
A linha tracejada indica a linha elástica de flambagem						
Valores teóricos de K_x ou K_y	0,5	0,7	1,0	1,0	2,0	2,0
Valores recomendados	0,65	0,80	1,2	1,0	2,1	2,0

Cálculo de Q

→Alma AA (Grupo 2)

$$b/t = \frac{d'}{t_w} = \frac{11,80}{0,43} = 27,44$$

$$(b/t)_{lim} = 1,49 \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}} = 1,49 \sqrt{\frac{20000}{25}} = 42,14$$

$$Q_a = 1,0 \quad \text{se} \quad \frac{b}{t} \leq (b/t)_{\text{lim}}$$

$$Q_a = \frac{A_{ef}}{A_g} \quad \text{se} \quad \frac{b}{t} > (b/t)_{\text{lim}}$$

$$\chi = 1,0$$

$$\sigma = \chi f_y$$

$$C_a = 0,34$$

$$b_{ef} = 1,92t \sqrt{\frac{E}{\sigma}} \left[1 - \frac{C_a}{b/t} \sqrt{\frac{E}{\sigma}} \right] = 11,80$$

$$A_{ef} = A_g - \sum (b - b_{ef})t =$$

$$Q_a = \frac{A_{ef}}{A_g} =$$

→Mesa AL (Grupo 4)

$$\frac{b}{t} = \frac{b_f/2}{t_f} = \frac{10,00}{2 \times 0,49} = 10,20$$

$$Q_s = 1,0 \quad \text{se} \quad \frac{b}{t} \leq (b/t)_{\text{lim}} = 0,56 \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}} = 15,84$$

$$Q_s = 1,415 - 0,74 \frac{b}{t} \sqrt{\frac{f_y}{E}} \quad \text{se} \quad 0,56 \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}} < \frac{b}{t} \leq 1,03 \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}}$$

$$Q_s = \frac{0,69E}{f_y \left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2} \quad \text{se} \quad \frac{b}{t} > 1,03 \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}}$$

$$\therefore Q = Q_a Q_s = 1,000$$

Cálculo de χ

$$r_0 = \sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2} = \sqrt{6,18^2 + 2,22^2} = 6,567 \text{ cm}$$

$$N_{ex} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_x}{(k_x L_x)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \times 20000 \times 635}{(1,0 \times 300)^2} = 1392,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{ey} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_y}{(k_y L_y)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \times 20000 \times 82}{(1,0 \times 300)^2} = 179,85 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{ez} = \frac{1}{r_0^2} \left[\frac{\pi^2 E C_w}{(k_z L_z)^2} + G I_t \right] =$$

$$N_{ez} = \frac{1}{6,567^2} \left[\frac{\pi^2 \times 20000 \times 4181}{(1,0 \times 300)^2} + 7700 \times 1,72 \right] = 519,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_e = \min(N_{ex}; N_{ey}; N_{ez}) = 179,85 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda_0 = \sqrt{\frac{Q A_g f_y}{N_e}} = \sqrt{\frac{1,000 \times 16,6 \times 25}{179,85}} = 1,519$$

$$\text{Se } \lambda_0 \leq 1,5 \quad \text{então } \chi = 0,658^{\lambda_0^2}$$

$$\text{Se } \lambda_0 > 1,5 \quad \text{então } \chi = \frac{0,877}{\lambda_0^2}$$

$$\therefore \chi = 0,380$$

Assim:

$$N_{c,Rd} = \frac{\chi Q A_g f_y}{\gamma_{a1}} = \frac{0,380 \times 1,000 \times 16,6 \times 25,0}{1,10}$$

$$\therefore N_{c,Rd} = 143 \text{ kN}$$